

## Course Syllabi: UPH004: Applied Physics (L : T : P :: 3 : 1 : 2)

1. **Course number and name:** UPH004: Applied Physics
2. **Credits and contact hours:** 4.5 and 6
3. **Text book, title, author, and year**

### **Text Books / Reference Books**

- *Beiser, A., Concept of Modern Physics, Tata McGraw Hill (2007) 6<sup>th</sup>ed.*
- *Griffiths, D.J., Introduction to Electrodynamics, Prentice Hall of India (1999) 3<sup>rd</sup>ed.*
- *Jenkins, F.A. and White, H.E., Fundamentals of Optics, McGraw Hill (2001) 4<sup>th</sup>ed.*
- *Wehr, M.R., Richards, J.A., Adair, T.W., Physics of The Atom, Narosa Publishing House (1990) 4<sup>th</sup> ed.*
- *Verma, N.K., Physics for Engineers, Prentice Hall of India (2014) 1<sup>st</sup>ed.*
- *Pedrotti, Frank L., Pedrotti, Leno S., and Pedrotti, Leno M., Introduction to Optics, Pearson Prentice Hall<sup>TM</sup> (2008) 3<sup>rd</sup>ed.*

- a. Other supplemental materials
  - Nil

### **4. Specific course information**

- a. Brief description of the content of the course (catalog description)

**Oscillations and Waves:** Oscillatory motion and damping, Applications - Electromagnetic damping – eddy current; **Acoustics:** Reverberation time, absorption coefficient, Sabine's and Eyring's formulae (Qualitative idea), Applications - Designing of hall for speech, concert, and opera; **Ultrasonics:** Production and Detection of Ultrasonic waves, Applications - green energy, sound signalling, dispersion of fog, remote sensing, Car's airbag sensor.

**Electromagnetic Waves:** Scalar and vector fields; Gradient, divergence, and curl; Stokes' and Green's theorems; Concept of Displacement current; Maxwell's equations; Electromagnetic wave equations in free space and conducting media, Application - skin depth.

**Optics: Interference:** Parallel and wedge-shape thin films, Newton rings, Applications as Non-reflecting coatings, Measurement of wavelength and refractive index. **Diffraction:** Single and Double slit diffraction, and Diffraction grating, Applications - Dispersive and Resolving Powers. **Polarization:** Production, detection, Applications – Anti-glare automobile headlights, Adjustable tint windows. **Lasers:** Basic concepts, Laser properties, Ruby, HeNe, and Semiconductor lasers, Applications – Optical communication and Optical alignment.

**Quantum Mechanics:** Wave function, Steady State Schrodinger wave equation, Expectation value, Infinite potential well, Tunnelling effect (Qualitative idea), Application - Quantum computing.

### **Laboratory Work:**

- Determination of damping effect on oscillatory motion due to various media.
- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids by stationary wave method.
- Determination of wavelength of sodium light using Newton's rings method.
- Determination of dispersive power of sodium-D lines using diffraction grating.
- Determination of specific rotation of cane sugar solution.

- Study and proof of Malus' law in polarization.
- Determination of beam divergence and beam intensity of a given laser.
- Determination of displacement and conducting currents through a dielectric.
- Determination of Planck's constant

#### **5. Specific goals for the course**

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand damped and simple harmonic motion, the role of reverberation in designing a hall and generation and detection of ultrasonic waves.
- Use Maxwell's equations to describe propagation of EM waves in a medium.
- Demonstrate interference, diffraction and polarization of light.
- Explain the working principle of Lasers.
- Use the concept of wave function to find probability of a particle confined in a box.

#### **6. Brief list of topics to be covered**

- Oscillations and Waves
- *Ultrasonics*
- Electromagnetic Waves
- Optics, *Polarization, Lasers*
- Quantum Mechanics